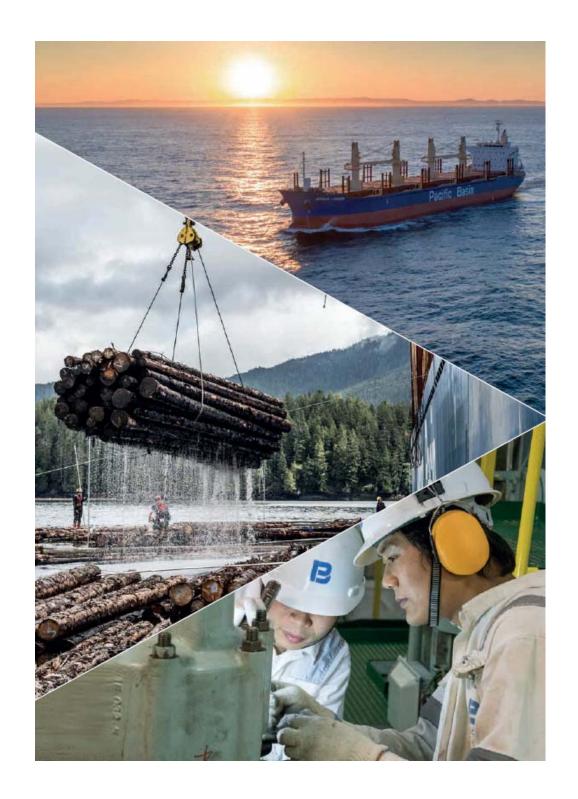
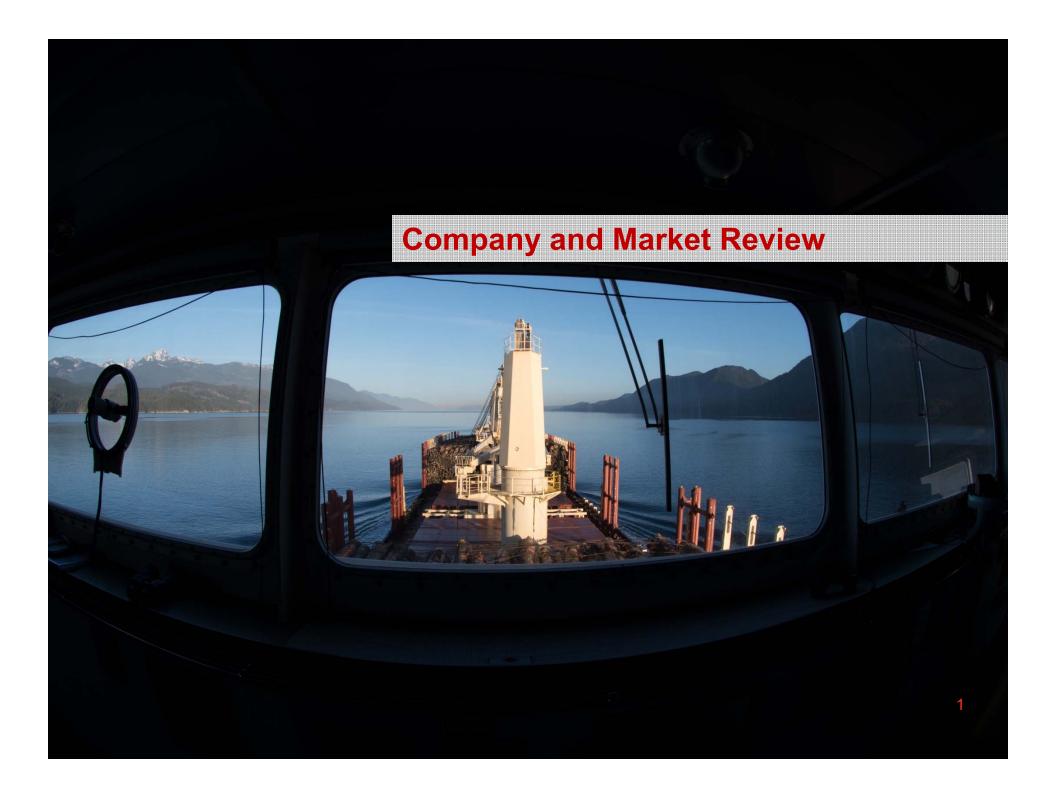


Maritime Capital Forum Singapore 19 Nov 2019







#### **Pacific Basin Overview**

- World's largest owner and operator of modern Handysize & Supramax ships
- Cargo system business model consistently outperforming market rates
- Own 115\* vessels, with total 240+ dry bulk ships on the water serving major industrial customers around the world
- Hong Kong headquartered and HKEX listed, 12 offices worldwide, about 340 shore-based staff and 3,800+ seafarers#
- Strong balance sheet with US\$2.5bn+ total assets and US\$300mn+ cash
- Our vision: To be a shipping industry leader and the partner of choice for customers, staff, shareholders and other stakeholders









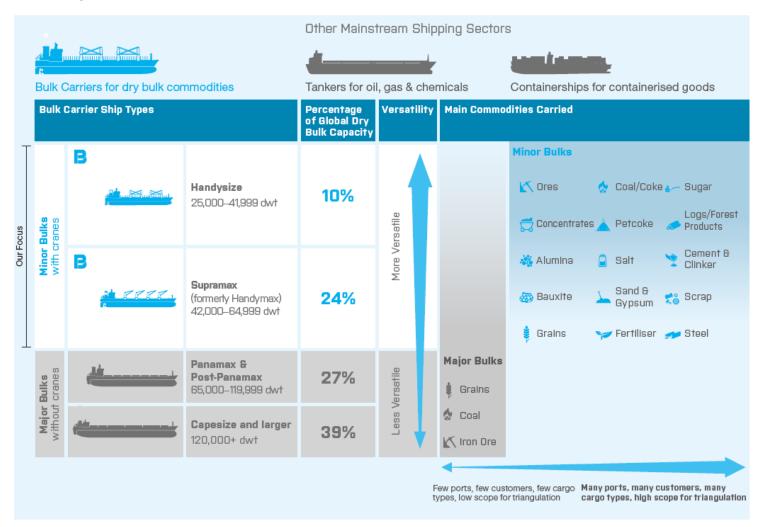
www.pacificbasin.com
Pacific Basin business principles
and our Corporate Video

<sup>\*</sup> We sold 2 older smaller Handysize vessels and committed to purchase an additional 4 vessels in Sep, following the delivery of these acquired and sold vessels between Oct 2019 and Apr 2020, our owned fleet will grow to 117 ships



### **Understanding Our Core Market**

#### The Dry Bulk Sector



3



### **Our Business Model Continues to Outperform**

Our business model has been refined over many years. We are able to generate a TCE earnings premium over market rates because of our high laden percentage (minimum ballast legs), which is made possible by a combination of:

- Fleet scale
- High-quality interchangeable ships
- Experienced staff
- Global office network
- Cargo contracts, relationships and direct interaction with end users
- High proportion of owned vessels facilitating greater control and minimising trading constraints
- Versatile ships and diverse trades in minor bulk





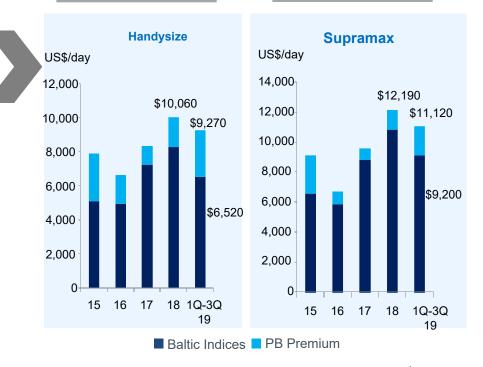




## TCE Outperformance Compared to Market in Last 5 Years

US\$1,970
Daily Handysize
Premium

US\$1,440
Daily Supramax
Premium





### **Competitive at Every Level**

		1H19		
1	TCE/day	HS: US\$9,170/day SM: US\$10,860/day	<ul> <li>Outperforming indexes and most publicly reporting companies</li> <li>Cargo focused business model with 90% plus laden percentage</li> </ul>	B
2	Opex/day	US\$3,990 <sup>1</sup> /day	<ul> <li>Scale, focus and sister ship effects</li> <li>In-house management</li> </ul>	
3	G&A/day	US\$730 <sup>2</sup> /day	<ul> <li>Scale benefits and efficient systems</li> </ul>	
4	Interest Cost/day	US\$820/day	<ul> <li>Focused on good quality, predominantly Japanese-built secondhand ships</li> <li>Fleet financed through long-term secured facilities at industry leading cost</li> </ul>	

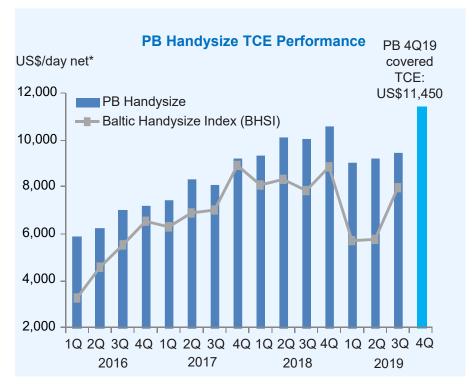
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> US\$3,990/day is 1H19 blended daily opex of Handysize and Supramax

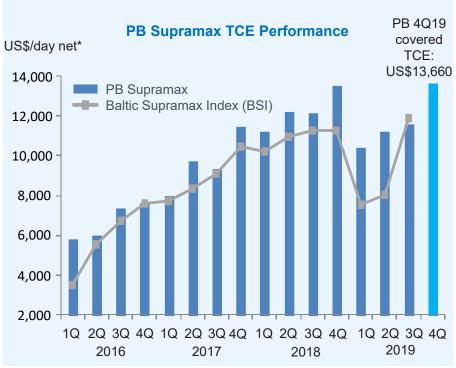
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Spread over both owned and chartered-in ships



### **Increasing Earnings on Stronger Market Conditions**

Cover as at 11 Oct 2019



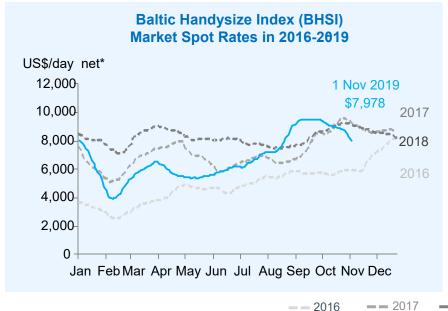


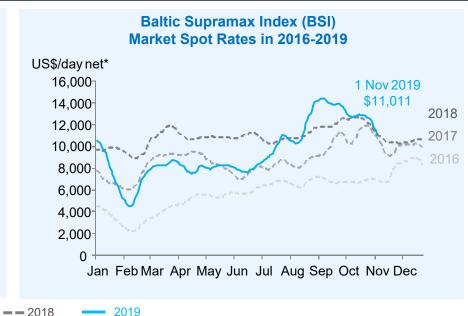
- In the first 9 months, our Handysize and Supramax daily TCE earnings outperformed the BHSI and BSI indices by 42% and 21% respectively
- The much improved market freight rates in Q3 will primarily impact our 4Q earnings due to the time lag between spot market fixtures and voyage execution

<sup>\*</sup> excludes 5% commission Source: Baltic Exchange



### Market Strengthened Significantly in 3Q19

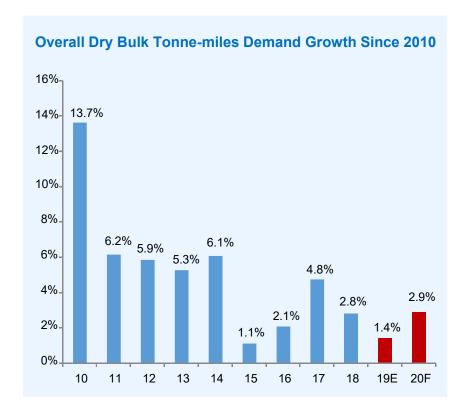


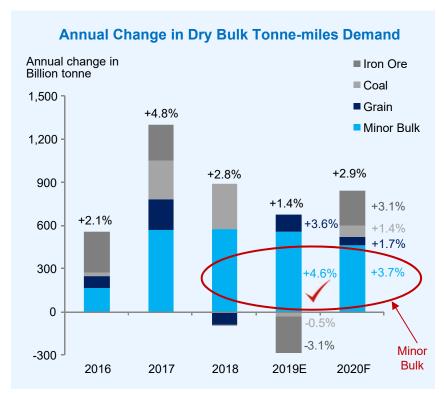


- Tightening conditions drove Handysize and Supramax market freight rates up to around four and five-year highs respectively in early Sep:
  - Handysize and Supramax 3Q market rates improved 39% and 53% respectively compared to average market rates in 1H19
- Demand strength was driven by:
  - Seasonally strong grain export volumes out of S. America and Black Sea
  - Robust demand for bauxite, nickel and manganese ore
  - Return to normal levels of exports following earlier disruption to Mississippi River grain and Brazilian iron ore traffic
- Following the increase in market freight rates in Aug and early Sep, rates have moderated closer to long term averages



### Minor Bulk Expected to Drive Demand into 2020



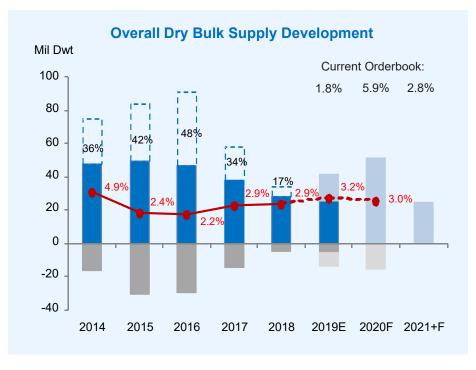


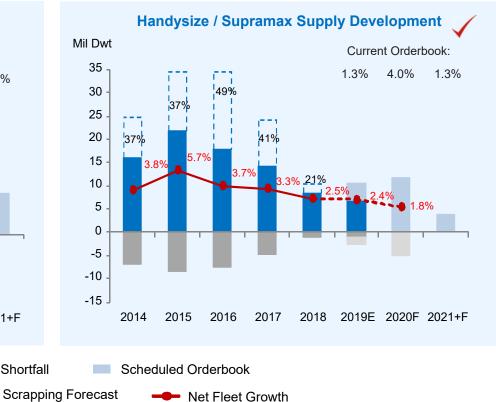
- Despite weaker US-China trade, minor bulk demand remains strong, benefitting from growth particularly in bauxite, nickel and manganese ore. Overall minor bulk tonne-mile demand is expected to grow at 4.6% in 2019 and 3.7% in 2020
- Chinese imports of minor bulks\* and coal in the first 8 months of the year grew at 17% and 8% respectively while imports of grain and iron ore fell 13% and 3% respectively. Grain imports were impacted by the US-China trade war and the effect of African Swine Fever on the demand for soybean. Both grain and iron ore volumes returned to positive growth in July and August

<sup>\*</sup> The basket of six key minor bulks imported by China includes logs, fertilisers, bauxite, nickel ore, copper concentrates and



### **Supply Developments Favour Smaller Vessels**





New ship deliveries in the first 9 months were higher YOY while scrapping remained low

New Deliveries YTD

Scrapping YTD

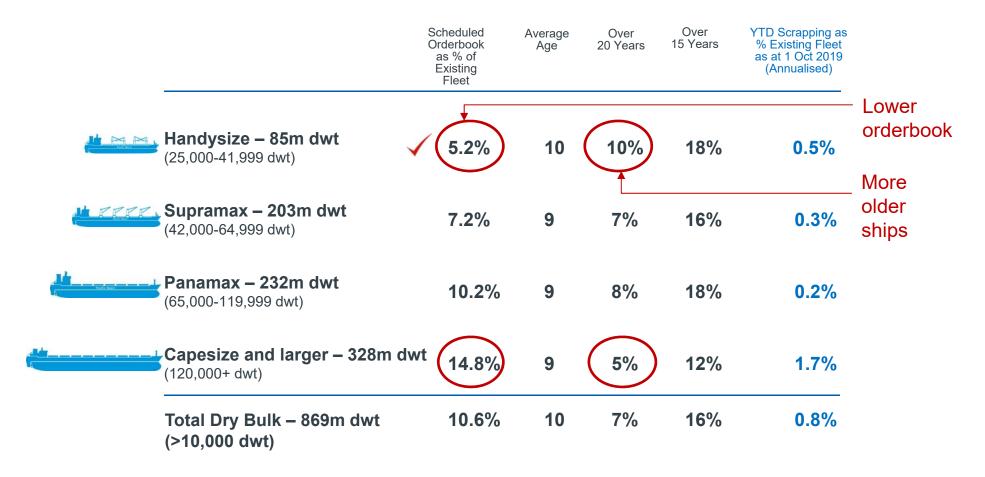
New ship ordering in the first 9 months was less than a year ago and remained concentrated in the Panamax and Capesize segments

Shortfall

Note the steadily reducing trend in combined Handysize and Supramax net fleet growth from 5.7% in 2015 to an estimated 1.8% next year



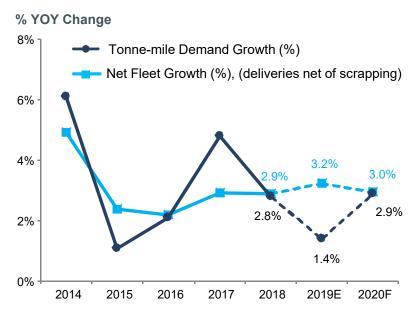
### **Better Supply Fundamentals for Handysize**



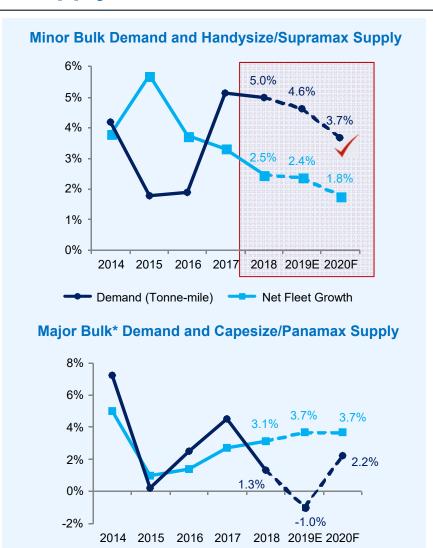


### **Favourable Minor Bulk Supply and Demand Outlook**

#### **Total Dry Bulk Supply and Demand**

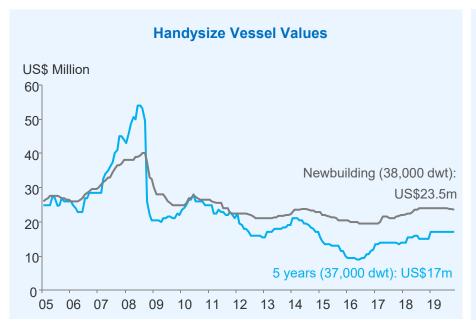


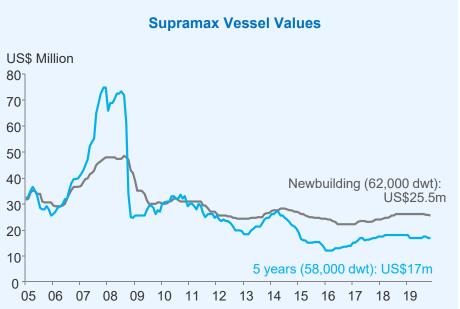
- Freight market strengthened significantly in 3Q across all dry bulk segments
- 1H19 was marked by cargo flow disruption in Australia and Brazil with a subsequent catch-up effect in 2H19
- Attractive supply fundamentals in our segments approaching IMO 2020
- Other factors than supply and demand can also drive rates: bunker prices and speed, off-hire, congestion, sentiment, etc.





### **Secondhand Values Remain Attractive**





- Large gap between newbuilding and secondhand prices and uncertainty over future ship designs discourage new ship ordering
- Restrained ordering in Handysize/Supramax segments should result in limited new ship deliveries in the coming years
- We see upside in secondhand vessel values and will continue to cautiously grow by looking opportunistically at good quality secondhand ship acquisitions of both modern Supramax and Handysize ships while trading out of some of our older and smaller vessels





### Our Strategic Direction and Priorities

- Maintain and grow our cargo focus and scale
- Continue to be both a fully integrated owner and operator
  - Not only owned ships, not only asset light
- Maintain empowered local chartering and operations close to customers
  - With best in class centralised support & systems
- Keep building our brand
  - Long term thinking, safety, care and quality in everything we do
- Continue to grow our owned fleet with quality second hand acquisitions
- Opportunistically trading up smaller older ships to larger younger ships
- Avoid buying newbuildings
  - due to high price, low return, and new regulations will change technology
- Continue to reduce long term charters
  - Replace with owned ships, and medium and short term chartered in ships
- Thorough preparations for IMO 2020
  - Fuel contracts, cleaning of tanks, installation and testing of scrubbers, new clauses
- Keep our balance sheet strong



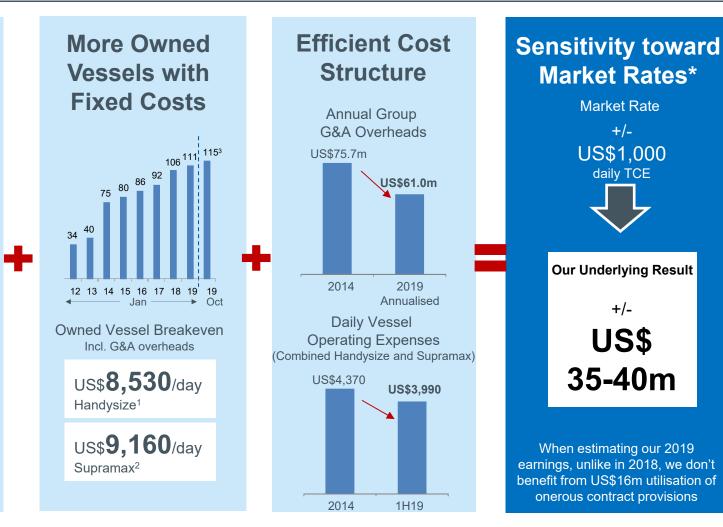
#### **Well Positioned for the Future**

# Our TCE Outperform Market

Average PB premium over market indices in last 5 years:

US\$**1,970**/day Handysize TCE

US\$**1,440**/day Supramax TCE



<sup>1 1</sup>H19 PB owned Handysize \$7.590/day + G&A overheads \$940/day ≈ US\$8.530/day

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 1H19 PB owned Supramax \$8,220/day + G&A overheads \$940/day ≈ US\$9.160/day

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> We sold 2 older smaller Handysize vessels and committed to purchase an additional 4 vessels in Sep, following the delivery of these acquired and sold vessels between Oct 2019 and Apr 2020, our owned fleet will grow to 117 ships

<sup>\*</sup> Based on current fleet and commitments, and all other things equal

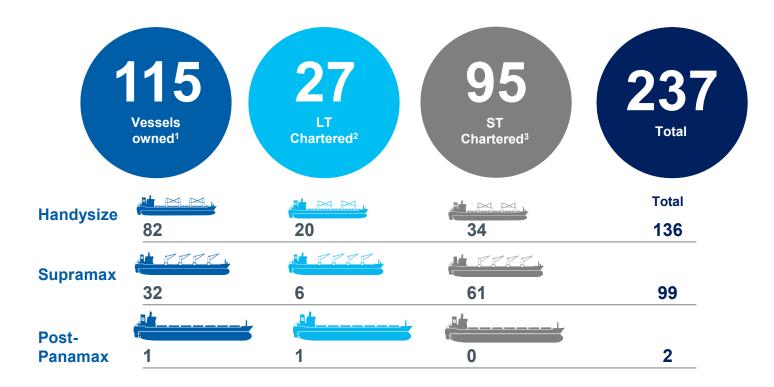




## Appendix: Fleet List – 30 Sep 2019

www.pacificbasin.com
Our Fleet





Average age of core fleet: 8.9 years old

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> We sold 2 older smaller Handysize vessels and committed to purchase an additional 4 vessels in Sep, following the delivery of these acquired and sold vessels between Oct 2019 and Apr 2020, our owned fleet will grow to 117 ships

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Average number of LT ships operated in Sep 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Average number of ST ships + index-linked vessels operated in Sep 2019



## **Appendix: Market Strengthened Significantly in 3Q19**

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US\$/day	Handysize	Supramax
PB daily TCE net rate 3Q19	9,480	11,580
Market (BHSI/BSI) index net rate 3Q19	7,990	11,890
PB outperformance	19% / 1,490	-3% / -310 <sup>1</sup>

1Q-3Q19

PB daily TCE net rate YTD	9,270	11,120
Market (BHSI/BSI) index net rate YTD	6,520	9,200
PB outperformance YTD	42% / 2,750	21% / 1,920

4Q19

Forward Cover for 4Q19 and 2020		
PB daily TCE net rate 4Q19	11,450	13,660
% of contracted days covered	67%	74%

2020

PB daily TCE net rate FY2020	8,980 <sup>2</sup>	11,330 <sup>2</sup>
% of contracted days covered	17%	22%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Due to the rising market and the 1-3 months time lag between spot market fixtures and voyage execution

Cover as at 11 Oct 2019

## Our fleet development in 3Q19:

- In 3Q, we operated an average of 236 ships including chartered ships
- In Sep, we committed to purchase 4 modern vessels for US\$73.8m to be 33% funded by new equity
- YTD, we sold 2 older smaller Handysize vessels
- Following the delivery of these acquired and sold vessels between Oct 2019 and Apr 2020, our owned fleet will grow to 117 ships

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Note that our 2020 forward cargo contract cover is backhaul heavy to minimise ballasting and to position our fleet for favourable fronthaul cargoes

<sup>\*</sup> We have more scheduled off-hire than normal for dry-docking in 2019 for BWTS and preparation for IMO 2020





## Appendix: 2019 Interim Results Highlights

	US\$m	1H19	1H18	Change
	Net profit	8.2	30.8	-22.6
P&L	Underlying (loss) / profit KPI	(0.6)	28.0	-28.6
r &L	EBITDA	<b>101.1</b> <sup>1</sup>	99.3	
	Dividends KPI	-	HK2.5¢	
	US\$m	30 June 19	31 Dec 18	
- 1-	Cash	<b>313.8</b> <sup>2</sup>	341.8	-8%
B/S	Net gearing KPI	37%	34%	+3%
Fleet	Owned fleet / Total fleet <sup>4</sup>	113 <sup>3</sup> / 230	111 / 222	

- Weaker market conditions in the early part of the year negatively affected our results however, continued TCE outperformance and competitive cost structure enabled us to post a positive net profit
- We purchased three modern secondhand Supramaxes during 1H19. We took delivery of four vessels in 1H19 (including three we bought in 2018) and two more vessels in July, expanding our owned fleet to 115 ships
- We secured a revolving credit facility of US\$115m at a competitive cost of Libor + 1.35% and we are repaying our US\$125m convertible bonds
- Some of the negative demand disruptions in the early part of the year are easing and market rates in July have been increasing, especially in the Atlantic

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> EBITDA adjusted for the adoption of HKFRS 16 "Leases" is US\$78.9m, which is comparable to previous periods

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Our outstanding convertible bonds (US\$125m) were redeemed in full after the period close

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> An additional 2 Supramax vessels delivered in July 2019

Pacific Basin





## **Appendix:** US\$8.2m Net Profit in 1H19

Six months ended 30 June

US\$m	2019	2018			
Revenue Voyage expenses	767.1 (360.5)	795.6 (360.6)	Owned vessel costs  Opex	<u>2019</u> (80.1)	2018 (72.5)
Time-charter equivalent ("TCE") earnings Owned vessel costs	406.6 (156.7) <b>←</b>	435.0 (144.7)	Depreciation Finance	(60.1) (16.5)	(56.3) (15.9)
Charter costs	(219.2)←	(233.4)	Charter costs	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Operating performance before overheads	30.7	56.9	Non-capitalised charter costs Capitalised charter costs	(200.1) (19.1)	(233.4)
Total G&A overheads	(30.5)	(28.4)			
Taxation & others	(8.0)	(0.5)			
Underlying (loss) /profit Plant Derivatives M2M and one-off items	(0.6) 8.8 <b>≺</b>	28.0	Derivatives M2M and one-off i	2019 8.6	2018 4.4
			Net write-back of disposal cost provision	0.2	-
Profit attributable to shareholders	8.2	30.8	Write-off of loan arrangement fee	-	(1.6)
EBITDA	101.1*	99.3			

<sup>■</sup> No interim dividend declared – but will consider a dividend of 50% of net profit for the full year





## **Appendix: Handysize and Supramax Contributions**

Six months ended 30 June

			2019	2018	Change
Har	ndysize contribution	(US\$m)	21.2	38.4	-45%
	Revenue days TCE earnings Owned + chartered costs	(days) (US\$/day) (US\$/day)	24,450 9,170 8,160	25,210 9,750 8,150	-3% -6% 0%
Supramax contribution		(US\$m)	7.4	15.8	-53%
	Revenue days TCE earnings Owned + chartered costs	(days) (US\$/day) (US\$/day)	16,470 10,860 10,170	15,650 11,730 10,690	+5% -7% -5%
Po	ost-Panamax contribution	(US\$m)	2.1	2.7	-22%
G&A overheads and tax		(US\$m)	(31.3)	(28.9)	-8%
Underlying (loss) / profit		(US\$m)	(0.6)	28.0	>-100%

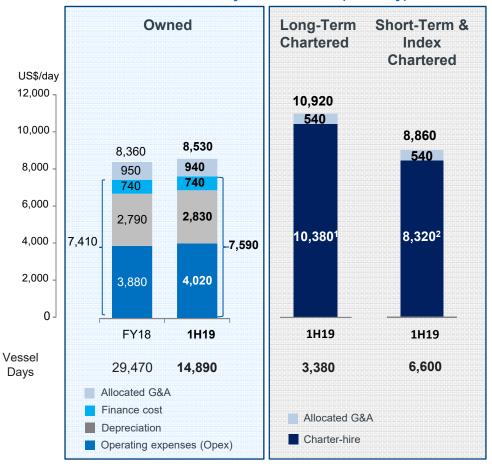




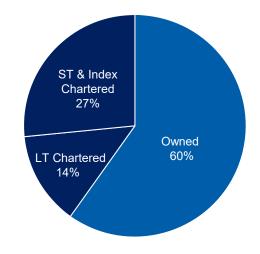
## **Appendix: Handysize Vessel Costs (P/L)**

As at 30 Jun 2019

#### 1H19 Daily Vessel Costs (US\$/day)



#### **1H19 Vessel Days Distribution**



US\$8,160/day
Blended Daily P/L Costs before G&A Overheads
(FY2018: US\$8,260)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sum of:

a) Capitalised charter costs: depreciation of ROU assets + interest expenses on lease liabilities

b) Non-capitalised charter costs: technical management service costs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Non-capitalised charter costs

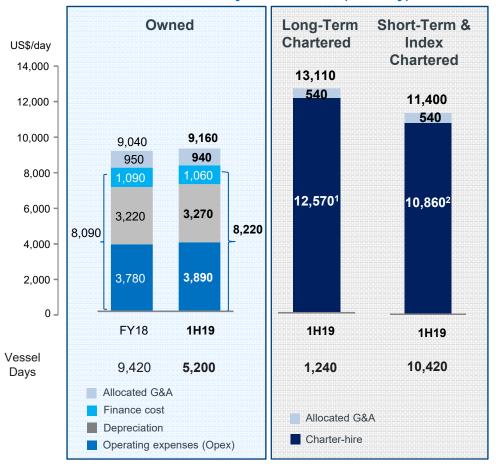




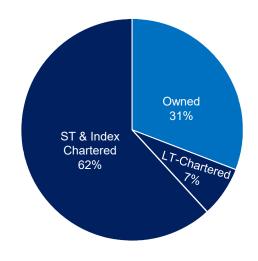
### Appendix: Supramax Vessel Costs (P/L)

As at 30 Jun 2019

#### 1H19 Daily Vessel Costs (US\$/day)



#### **1H19 Vessel Days Distribution**



US\$10,170/day

Blended Daily P/L Costs before G&A Overheads (FY2018: US\$10,740)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sum of:

a) Capitalised charter costs: depreciation of ROU assets + interest expenses on lease liabilities

b) Non-capitalised charter costs: technical management service costs

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Non-capitalised charter costs



## Appendix: Significant Operational Leverage

		Handysize		S	Supramax		Sensitivity*	
		1H19 avg. TCE (US\$/d)	Vessel Costs Days incl. G&A (US\$/d)	1H19 avg. TCE (US\$/d)	Vessel Days	Costs incl. G&A (US\$/d)		
Largely Fixed	Owned		14,890 <b>8,530</b>		5,200	9,160	+/- US\$1,000 daily TCE	
Cost	LT Chartered		3,380 10,920	40.000	1,240	13,110	US\$35-40m	
Largely Variable Cost	ST Chartered and Index	- 9,170	6,600 8,860	- 10,860	10,420	11,400	Margin business, less sensitive to rates movement	
							Adjusted for ca. 20-25% typical long-term forward cargo cover at any point in time	

<sup>\*</sup> Based on current fleet and commitments, and all other things equal As at 30 June 2019





## **Appendix: Strong Balance Sheet and Liquidity**

US\$m	30 Jun 19	31 Dec 18
Vessels & other fixed assets	1,848	1,808
Total assets	2,530	2,366
Total borrowings	1,001	961
Total liabilities	1,292	1,135
Total Equity	1,238	1,231
Net borrowings (total cash US\$314¹m)	687	619
Net borrowings to net book value of owned vessels	37%	34%

Vessel average net book value: 82 Handysize (11 years): \$14.5m/ship
 30 Supramax (7.5 years): \$20.5m/ship

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Our outstanding convertible bonds (US\$125m) were redeemed in full after the period close



(HKFRS 16 "Leases")

B	
Pacific Basin	

	US\$m	1H19			
What are the Changes?	P&L	Before	HKFRS 16	As reported	■
Leases > 12 months	Revenue	768.8	(1.7)	767.1	by interest and depreciation
Balance Sheet:	EBITDA	78.9	22.2	101.1	Slight increase in net
<ul><li>1) Right-of-Use "ROU" assets</li><li>2) Lease liabilities</li></ul>	Net profit	6.1	2.1	8.2	profit
Income Statement:	B/S				
Operating lease expenses replaced by a sum of:	Assets	2,414.6	115.1	2,529.7	■
Depreciation of ROU assets	Liabilities	1,174.8	117.4	1,292.2	■ <b>1</b> Total liabilities as lease
<ul><li>2) Interest expenses on lease liabilities (lease portion)</li><li>3) Technical management service</li></ul>	Equity	1,239.8	(2.3)	1,237.5	liabilities recognised
costs (non-lease portion)	Cash Flow				■ ♠ Operating cash flow due to reduced charter-hire
Leases < 12 months	Operating	72.2	20.5	92.7	costs
Balance Sheet: Nil	Investing	(83.7)	3.3	(80.4)	<ul><li>Financing cash flow due to increase in interest</li></ul>
Income Statement: Nil, expensed on a straight-line basis over the lease	Financing	(4.0)	(23.8)	(27.8)	and repayments of lease liabilities
term as before the adoption of HKFRS 16 "Leases"	Net change	(15.5)	-	(15.5)	<ul><li>No change in net cash flow</li></ul>
	Interest cover	4.0X		4.5X	



# Appendix: Proposed Convertible Bonds Due 2025 (Announcement 31 Oct 2019)

- Issue of 3% Convertible Bonds due 2025 in an aggregate principal amount of US\$175 million
- Shareholders' approval will be needed at a Special General Meeting to approve the issue of the Convertible Bonds and the issue of new shares upon conversion
- BNP Paribas, HSBC and DNB are acting as Joint Lead Managers

#### Reasons for the issue:

- To support the organic expansion and renewal of our fleet while further enhancing the Group's balance sheet and liquidity position
- No immediate dilution of the existing shareholders
- The Convertible Bonds are unsecured and non-amortising, representing an attractive and alternative source of longer term financing for the Company
- Attractive cash cost of 3%

#### **Use of proceeds:**

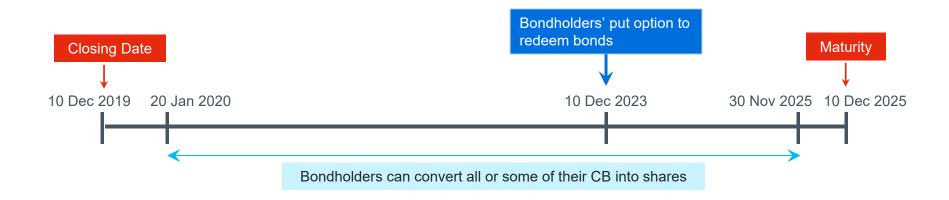
- To fund the expansion and renewal of our fleet of Handysize and Supramax vessels and for general corporate purposes
- US\$49.5m of the proceeds has been committed as cash consideration for our partly equity-funded acquisition of 4 modern secondhand vessels (announced in Sep 2019)



## Appendix: Terms and Expected Conversion/Redemption Timeline

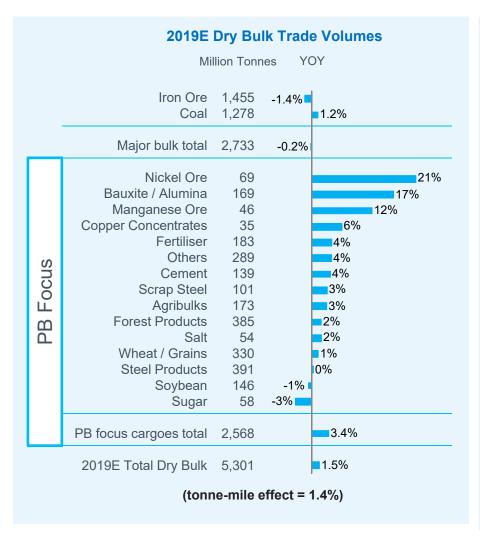
Issue size	US\$175 million			
Maturity Date	10 Dec 2025 (approx. 6 years)			
Investor Put Date and Price	10 Dec 2023 (approx. 4 years) at par			
Coupon	3% p.a. payable semi-annually in arrear on 10 Jun and 10 Dec			
Redemption Price	100%			
Initial Conversion Price	HK\$2.40			
Intended Use of Proceeds	To support the organic expansion and renewal of our fleet while further enhancing the Group's balance sheet and liquidity position and general corporate purposes			

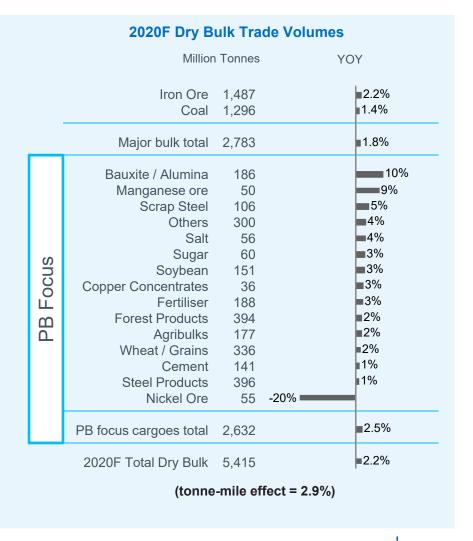
#### **Expected Conversion/Redemption Timeline**





## Appendix: Dry Bulk Demand in 2019 and 2020 Forecast





Source: Clarksons Research, as at Sep 2019



## **Appendix: New Regulations Benefitting Stronger Companies**

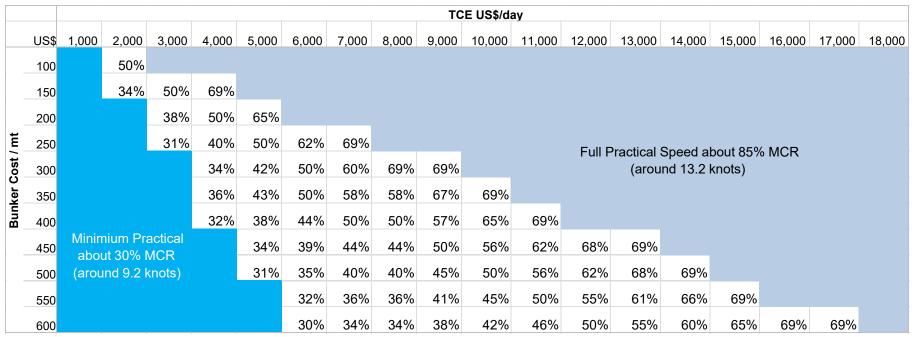
New Regulations	Content	Impact on the Industry	PB actions
IMO Ballast Water Treatment: Installation required at first dry-docking after 8 Sep 2019	IMO and USCG requirement	<ul><li>Capex for shipowners</li><li>Increased scrapping</li></ul>	<ul> <li>40 PB owned vessels fitted</li> <li>Retrofitting remaining owned Handysize and Supramax vessels with system based on filtration and electrocatalysis</li> <li>Completion in 2022 within relevant compliance deadlines</li> </ul>
Sulphur Emissions Cap: 1 Jan 2020  Reduce capacity in short term	<ul> <li>IMO global 0.5% sulphur cap requires:</li> <li>i) low-sulphur fuel or;</li> <li>ii) exhaust gas cleaning systems ("scrubbers")</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Majority of global fleet (esp. Handysize) will comply using low-sulphur fuel         →slow-steaming and tighter supply</li> <li>Larger vessels (incl. some Supramaxes) installing scrubbers →docking ships for several weeks for scrubber retrofit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Thorough preparation including cleaning fuel tanks, securing good quality compliant fuel, and training crew to ensure seamless service</li> <li>We choose a balanced approach:         <ul> <li>15 Supramaxes are now scrubber fitted and arrangements are in place to fit scrubbers on the majority of our Supramaxes</li> <li>Expect 10-15% of our overall fleet will have scrubbers installed and no scrubbers on our Handysize ships</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
IMO greenhouse gas emissions reduction  Reduce capacity in medium and long term	<ul> <li>Cut total greenhouse gas emissions from shipping by at least 50% by 2050 (compared to 2008), requiring efficiency improvements of at least 40% by 2030 and 70% by 2050</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reducing speed</li> <li>Development of new fuels, engine technology and vessel designs</li> <li>Discouraging new ship ordering in short and medium term</li> <li>Increased scrapping</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No newbuild ordering</li> <li>Monitoring new technology and designs</li> </ul>



## **Appendix: Vessel Speed Optimisation Example**

Higher fuel oil prices allow freight rates to increase without increasing speed and hence supply

## Optimal MCR / Speed Matrix on Typical Handysize Ship (Japanese-built 32,000 dwt, all weather)



30% MCR = 9.2knots

50% MCR = 11knots

70% MCR = 12knots

85% MCR = 13.2knots



#### Disclaimer

This presentation contains certain forward looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and business of Pacific Basin and certain plans and objectives of the management of Pacific Basin.

Such forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results or performance of Pacific Basin to be materially different from any future results or performance expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Such forward looking statements are based on numerous assumptions regarding Pacific Basin's present and future business strategies and the political and economic environment in which Pacific Basin will operate in the future.

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